

## 2014-2015

(October 01, 2015)

# **Annual Security Report**

# & Annual Fire Safety Report

# Arizona & New Mexico Campus



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This report is compiled in partnership with the Office of Institutional Planning and Reporting and the Diné College Campus Security Department.

### **The Clery Act**

Choosing a postsecondary institution is a major decision for students and their families. Along with academic, financial, and geographic considerations, the issue of campus safety is a vital concern.

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) is a federal mandate requiring all institutions of higher education (IHEs) that participate in the federal student financial aid program to disclose information about crime on their campuses and in the surrounding communities. The Clery Act affects virtually all public and private IHEs and is enforced by the U.S. Department of Education. Campuses that fail to comply with the act can be penalized with large fines (\$35,000) and may be suspended from participating in the federal financial aid program (34 C.F.R. §§668.14, 668.41, 668.46, and 668.49).

The Clery Act, formerly known as the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act, was signed in 1990 and is named after 19-year-old Jeanne Clery, who was raped and murdered in her Lehigh University residence hall in 1986. Clery's parents lobbied Congress to enact the law when they discovered students at Lehigh hadn't been notified about 38 violent crimes that had occurred on campus in the three years prior to Clery's murder.

#### **Compliance with the Clery Act**

The Clery Act requires Diné College (DC) to provide timely warnings of crimes that represent a threat to the safety of students or employees to make their campus security policies available to the public. The act also requires DC to collect, report, and disseminate crime data to everyone on-campus and to the Department of Education annually.

When the Higher Education Opportunity Act (HEOA) was signed into law in 2008, it amended the Clery Act by adding a number of safety- and security-related requirements to the Higher Education Act of 1965. To be in full compliance with the law, DC must do the following:

- Publish and distribute an Annual Security Report to current and prospective students and employees by October 1 of each year. The report must provide crime statistics for the past three years, detail campus and community policies about safety and security measures, describe campus crime prevention programs, and list procedures to be followed in the investigation and prosecution of alleged sex offenses.
- 2. Provide students and employees with timely warnings of crimes that represent a threat to their safety. The Diné College Campus Security Department must also keep and make available to the public a detailed crime log of all crimes reported to them in the past 60 days. Crime logs must be kept for seven years, and logs older than 60 days must be made available within two business days upon request.
- 3. Keep the past three years of crime statistics detailing crimes that have occurred: on-campus; in residential facilities; in public areas on or near campus; and in certain non-campus buildings, such as remote classrooms. DC must also report liquor and drug law violations and illegal weapons possession if they result in a disciplinary referral or arrest.

- Disclose missing student notification procedures that pertain to students residing in any on-campus student housing facilities.
- 5. Disclose fire safety information related to any oncampus student housing facilities. This includes maintaining a fire log that is open to public inspection and publishing an Annual Fire Safety Report containing policy statements and fire statistics associated with each on-campus student housing facility. These statistics must include the location, cause, injuries, deaths and property damage of each fire.
- 6. Submit the collected crime and fire statistics to the Department of Education each fall.
- 7. Inform prospective students and employees about the availability of the Annual Fire Safety Report.

DC has a vested interest in campus security and the personal safety of its students and employees. The following pages contain specific information, including crime prevention, fire safety, law enforcement authority, crime reporting policies, disciplinary procedures and other matters of importance related to security and safety on campus. This report also contains information about campus crime statistics.

Members of the campus community are encouraged to use this report as a guide for safe practices on and off campus. Additional Campus Security information is available on the College's webpage at http://www.dinecollege.edu/campus-safety/campussafety.php.

For more information, contact the Campus Security Department at 928-724-6628.

For Chinle, Window Rock, and Crownpoint Center, contact Center Directors.

### **Campus Safety**

This report contains emergency management information, campus crime statistics and critical campus safety information such as policies, crime prevention, crime reporting, and resources to aid you in becoming more safety-minded. The best protections against campus crime are: a strong law enforcement presence; an aware, informed, and alert campus community; and a commitment to reporting suspicious activities and using common sense when carrying out daily activities. DC strives to be a safe place to learn, live, work and grow.

#### Annual Disclosure of Crime Statistics & Security Report Preparation

The procedures for preparing the annual disclosure of crime statistics include reporting statistics to the college community that is obtained from the following sources: the Campus Security Department and non-police officials across campus (Campus Security Authorities). For statistical purposes, crime statistics reported to any of these sources are recorded in the calendar year the crime was reported.

A request for statistical information is made and collected on an annual basis by all Campus Security Authorities and to the Campus Security Department.

All of the statistics are gathered, compiled, and reported to the college community via this report which is published by the Clery Act Committee. The Campus Security Department submits the annual crime statistics published in this brochure to the Department of Education through the Crime Start system. The statistical information gathered by the Department of Education is available to the public through the Campus Safety and Security Statistics website (http://ope.ed.gov/security/).

#### **Community College Police Department**

The Diné College Security Department is a full-service law enforcement agency that operates 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, from its headquarters at the Tsaile Campus (Arizona). The department employs securities and officers who patrol the campus and are stationed at the Shiprock and Tuba City Center.

As the law enforcement agency for DC, Campus Security Department's undertaking is to protect lives and property, maintain order, prevent crimes, receive and investigate reports of crimes, and provide other law enforcement services, all while being responsive to the special needs of the large and diverse college community.

#### Law Enforcement Authority

Diné College desires to maintain a secure and accessible campus for students, employees, contractors, visitors and guests.

The Diné College Security Department (SD) is the law enforcement agency serving DC. The officers of DC are trained to enforce all applicable federal and state laws, local ordinance, and the college policies.

DC's campus falls under the jurisdiction of several Navajo Nation agencies across Arizona and New Mexico. DC personnel work closely with all local, state, and federal police agencies, and have a direct working relationship with the local Police Department. DC is also a part of the 9-1-1 Emergency System and is dispatched through the Diné College Campus Security Department or local Navajo Nation Police Department.

Whenever information is received by the DC Campus Security Department, Center Directors, Dean of Faculty, Vice President of Student Affairs, or the President's Office from law enforcement outside of DC that has a connection to the College, a follow-up for judicial or other purposes will be scheduled.

Other law enforcement groups include the following:

#### Clery Act Committee

Ensures Diné College's federal compliance under the Jeanne Clery Act of 1990, enforce safety state and federal safety laws, and reports the Annual Campus Safety and Fire Report.

#### Emergency Response Team

Develops emergency response protocols, plan campus evacuations and drills, including fire drills, provides training on timely response plans, and addresses emergency situations on campus.

#### Title IX Coordinator

Responsible to monitor the overall implementation of the Title IX at Diné College and implementing regulations for campus safety. The major responsibility of the Title IX Coordinators is the prevention of sexual harassment and discrimination on campus, assist counselors and administrators with Title IX compliance, evaluate, plan, and provide policy training and enforcement.

#### **Campus Law Enforcement Services**

#### **Orientation Programs**

Campus Security Department part-take in semester-base orientations with new students to familiarize them with personal safety technique, policies, procedures, and response to concerns and questions to increase security awareness.

Educational presentations on alcohol and drug related issues are made to Residence Hall students at the request to the Campus Security Department.

Mandatory training is provided to Residence Advisors on addressing security at the Residence Hall, in addition to protocols working with campus law enforcers.

**Car Problems**: Diné College SD officers are available to assist students, faculty, or staff with car problems as dead car batteries, frozen door locks, lost cars, and keys locked in the car and/or tire changes on Campus. Tow services will not conducted by the SD but called out to a third party to respond.

Students, faculty, or staff must complete and sign a waiver form prior to security providing services. When calling for help with these issues, information should be given on the location, make, model, year, color, and license plate number of the vehicle. If possible, the hood should be lifted and the person calling for assistance should stand by the vehicle. The Diné College SD will respond and assist as soon as possible.

Automobile Accident Reports: The Diné College Security Department, Center Directors, or Navajo Nation Police Department should be called immediately when there is an automobile accident on campus. Information should be given in regard to the location of the accident, whether or not there are injuries, the make and color of the vehicles involved, and any other pertinent information. GSA vehicles involved in automobile accidents on or off campus needs to be reported to Support Services and Center Directors immediately.

**Emergency Notifications:** Emergency contact may be requested trough the Diné College SD or Center Directors. The dispatcher or Center Director will ask the nature of the emergency in an attempt to determine if the emergency constitutes immediate response, such as the removal of a student from class. The name and telephone number of the caller will be taken in case the notification could not be successfully made. Emergency notifications should be limited to "true emergencies" only. **Escorts:** Escort service is available 24-hours-a-day, sevendays-a-week for all members of Diné College. An officer is available to meet and walk students, faculty, or staff members to their car or other campus destinations. Requests for an escort should provide name, location, and destination.

For escort services pertaining to protection orders, documentations must be provided to the SD with a schedule and location of the student, staff, or faculty needing routine escort service.

#### **Property Identification**

Theft of unattended property occurs on campus, which Campus Security encourages students and employees to label personal property. Engraving of owner's name on items is made available free of charge to the students and employees at the Tsaile Campus Security Department.

**Lost and Found:** An officer will respond to pick-up lost and found items. The department maintains a log of all reported lost items. Unclaimed property will be destroyed if not claimed after 30 days.

**Medical Assistance/Injury Reports:** Emergency requests for medical treatment and ambulance service should be directed to the Diné College Security Department, using the emergency 911 number from any campus phone. The department will provide basic first aid response and will contact Emergency Medical Services (EMS) if necessary. Personal injury reports will be made by SD officers.

#### **Campus Safety Poster Campaign**

Printed crime prevention brochures, posters and other pamphlets are distributed at crime prevention presentations and posted at various locations throughout the campus.

#### **Student Outreach Services (SOS)**

The SOS department consist of counseling and disability services, which employees provide workshops on healthy living and behavior in the advancement of student safety on campus, such as counseling, stress management, and physical safety. Campus Security Department officers work with the SOS team to provide additional services to students to promote healthy living on campus.

### Important Phone Numbers

#### National Emergency Hotline: Dial 911

Tsaile Campus	
Campus Security	928.724.6911 (Diné College Emergency)
	928.724.6802 (Diné College Non-Emergency)
	928.349.3950 (Diné College Security Cell)
Medical Emergencies	928.724.3600 (Tsaile Health Center)
-	928. 674.7001 (Chinle Hospital)
Police Department	928.674.2111 (Chinle Police Department)
	928.337.4321 (Apache County Sheriff's Office)
Fire & Rescue Department	928.674.2105 (Chinle, AZ)
	928.283.3007 (Navajo Nation, Tuba City AZ)
American Association of Poison Control Centers	800.222.1222
Counseling & Support Services	928.724.6856 (Tsaile Campus)
Superintendent of Physical Plant	928.724.6774 (Tsaile Campus)
Information Technology Department	928.724.6675 (Tsaile Campus)
Maintenance Department	928.724.6770 (Tsaile Campus)

Shiprock Branch	
Campus Security	505.368.3615 (Diné College Emergency)
	505.809.0205 (Diné College Non-Emergency)
	505.406.6511 (Diné College Security North Cellphone)
	505.809.0205 (Diné College Security South Cellphone)
Campus Director	505.368.3522 (Priscilla Weaver, located North side)
Medical Emergencies	505.368.6001 (Northern Navajo Medial Center)
	505.609.2000 (San Juan Regional Medical Hospital, Cortez CO)
Police Department	505.368.1350 (Navajo Nation)
	505.334.6107 (San Juan County Sheriff's Office)
Fire & Rescue Department	505.368.5719 (Shiprock, New Mexico)
	505.334.1180 (San Juan County Fire Department)
American Association of Poison Control Centers	800.222.1222
Counseling & Support Services	505.368.3621 (Diné College Shiprock located South side)
Superintendent of Physical Plant	505.368.3517 (Diné College Shiprock located North side)
Information Technology Department	505.368.3546 (Diné College Shiprock located North side)
Maintenance Department	505.368.3517(Diné College Shiprock

Chinle Center	
Campus Security	928.724.6911 (Diné College Emergency)
	928.724.6802 (Diné College Non-Emergency)
Center Director	928.674.7101 (Cathy Bahe)
Medical Emergencies	928.674.7001 (Chinle Hospital)
	928.674.7090 (Chinle Emergency Room)
Police Department	928. 674.2111 (Chinle Police Department)
	928. 674.2112 (Chinle Police Department)
Fire & Rescue Department	928.674.2105 (Chinle, AZ)
	928.283.3007 (Navajo Nation, Tuba City AZ)
American Association of Poison Control Centers	800.222.1222
Counseling & Support Services	928.674.3319 Ext. 7103 (Bryan Etsitty Academic Advisor)
Information Technology Department	928.724.6675 (Tsaile Campus)

Crownpoint Center	
Campus Security	928.724.6911 (Diné College Emergency)
	928.724.6802 (Diné College Non-Emergency)
Center Director	505.786.7201 (Patrick Sandoval, ext. 7201)
Medical Emergencies	505.786.5291 (Crownpoint Health Center)
	505.722.1000 (Gallup Indian Medical Center)
Police Department	505.786.2050 (Crownpoint Police Department)
	505.786.2051 (Crownpoint Police Department)
Fire & Rescue Department	219.662.3248 (Crownpoint NM)
	505.722.4195 (Gallup Fire Dept. Station)
American Association of Poison Control Centers	800.222.1222
Counseling & Support Services	928.724.6856 (Tsaile Campus)
Information Technology Department	928.724.6675 (Tsaile Campus)

#### **Tuba City Center**

Campus Security	928.724.6911 (Diné College Emergency)
	928.724.6802 (Diné College Non-Emergency)
Center Director	928.238.5113 (Phyllis Begay, ext. 7501)
Medical Emergencies	928.283.2501 (Tuba City Medical Center)
	928.283.2661 (Tuba City Emergency Room)
Police Department	928.283.3111 (Tuba City Police Department)
	928.283.3112 (Tuba City Police Department)
Fire & Rescue Department	928.283.4527 (Tuba City Fire Department)
	928.283.3007 (Navajo Nation Fire Department)
American Association of Poison Control Centers	800.222.1222
Counseling & Support Services	928. 724.6856 (Tsaile Campus)
Information Technology Department	928.724.6675 (Tsaile Campus)

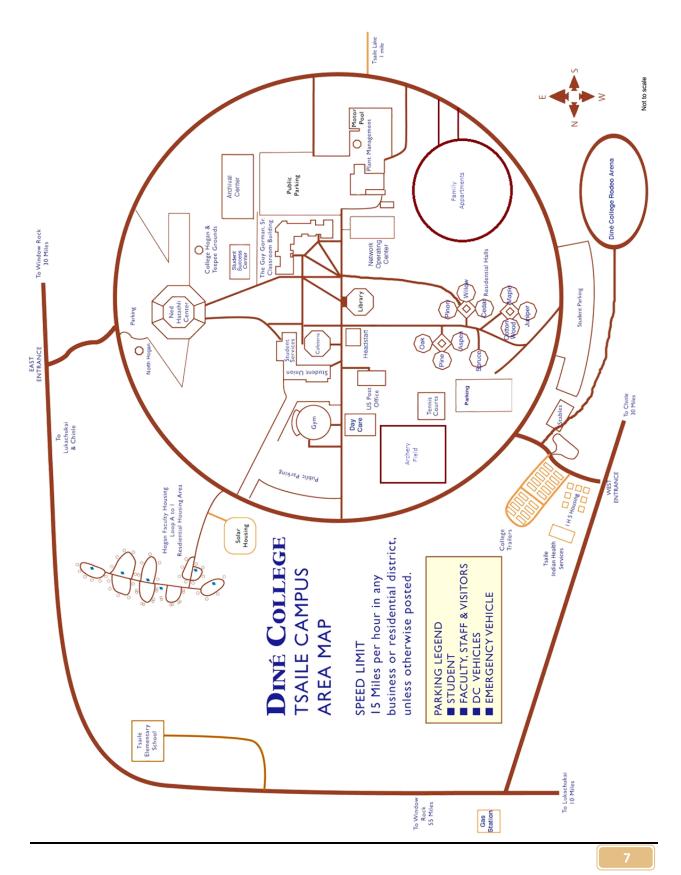
#### Window Rock Center

Campus Security	928.724.6911 (Diné College Tsaile Campus Emergency)
	928.724.6802 (Diné College Non-Emergency)
Center Director	928.871.2230 (Lorinda Ben, ext. 7606)
Medical Emergencies	928.729.8000 (Tsehootsooi Medical Center)
	505.722.1000 (Gallup Indian Medical Center)
Police Department	928.871.6111 (Window Rock Police Department)
	928.871.6112 (Window Rock Police Department)
Fire & Rescue Department	928.871.6915 (Window Rock, AZ)
	928.755.3400 (Ganado, AZ)
American Association of Poison Control Centers	800.222.1222
Counseling & Support Services	928. 724.6856 (Tsaile Campus
Information Technology Department	928.724.6675 (Tsaile Campus)

### **Campus Map**

The following are campus maps and photos of all six locations within Arizona and New Mexico State.

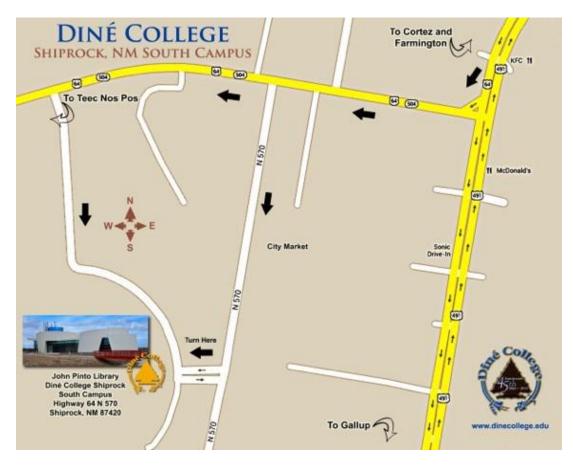
#### Tsaile Campus (Main)



#### Shiprock Branch – New Mexico

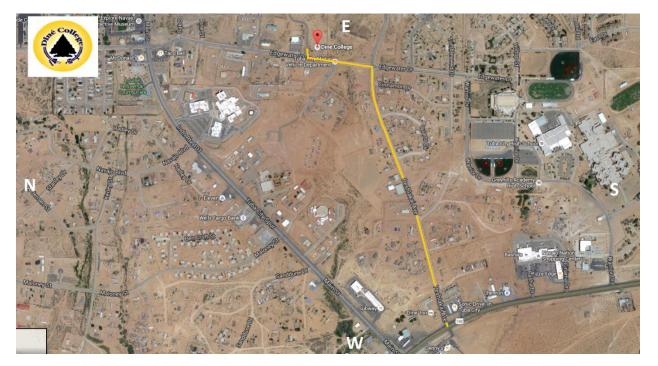


(Above Photo) Location of the Shiprock Branch, South.



#### Tuba City Center - Arizona





Google Maps snap shot of aerial view of the Tuba City Center in Arizona.

#### **Chinle Center - Arizona**





Google Maps snap shot of aerial view of the Chinle Center in Arizona.

#### **Crownpoint Center – New Mexico**





Google Maps snap shot of aerial view of the Crownpoint Center in New Mexico.

Window Rock Center - Arizona



Google Maps snap shot of aerial view of the Window Rock Center in Arizona.

### **Crime Prevention Tips**

Security awareness and crime prevention trips encourage students and employees to be aware and take responsibility for their own security and the security of others.

#### For Tsaile Campus only (on-site residence):

Housing resident assistants (RA), resident managers (RM), residence hall directors (RHD), and residence life coordinators (RLC) facilitate training for residents of DC.

#### For staff and faculties residing in campus housing:

Training is offered and provided by Human Resources and Maintenance & Operations.

- If possible, avoid studying alone. Always let someone know where you are and an approximate time when you will be finished.
- Never leave your personal belongings unattended, even for a moment, to use the restroom or get a drink.
- Never prop open doors, especially fire doors.
- If you observe an individual in an inappropriate place or location, notify SD.
- If you observe a suspicious person, report it to SD.
- Always walk with another person. Never walk alone to your car at night. If a classmate is not available, call the SD and request an escort.
- Learn the locations of emergency telephones on campus.
- Walk on designated walkways that are well lit. Report poor lighting to the Diné College SD. Avoid shortcuts through vacant lots, and other deserted places.
- Know the location of the SD and other safe areas.
- If you suspect that you are being followed, use an emergency campus phone to call Diné College SD.
   Find a safe area to proceed to, such as an office, highly visible area, or a place where there are people who can see you.
- Do not leave valuables, like your wallet, purse, GPS, or backpack in open view. Conceal or leave the items in a safe place, such as in a locker or trunk of your car.
- Do not give your keys away. Keys can be duplicated. Always keep your keys in your possession. Engrave valuables with your name and/or driver's license number. Diné College SD can engrave items for you.
- Require photo identification from maintenance and utility workers prior to allowing them access to your house or office. Verify that the workers have authorization to remove items from the office or your area of workspace or dorm room.

- Report all thefts immediately.
- Keep police and fire emergency numbers programmed in or near your phone.
- Do not let a stranger into your dorm rooms, even if the stranger states that it is an emergency. Instead, offer to make a call for help.
- Be alert and aware of your surroundings when walking outdoors.
- Purses should be carried close to the body and secured under one arm, not swung from the strap.
- Do not walk, jog, or run alone, especially after dark.
   Do not hitchhike.
   Loave a light on if your room when you are away.
- Leave a light on if your room when you are away. An inexpensive timer on several lights could discourage a break-in.
- Make arrangements with a neighboring student or other office staff when you will be away from your office or dorm room. Ask them to keep an eye on the place.
- Transfer telephone calls to another department or staff.
- Walk with confidence. Show that you are aware and in control. Body language works!

### **Crime Reporting Procedures**

#### A. Students/Faculty/Staff/Visitors:

Known and suspected violations of federal and state criminal laws and campus violations will be reported to campus security for appropriate action.

Incident Report Forms are used by student/staff and faculty to formally communicate a problem on Diné' College property as well as student travel. While most incident reports are used to document a disciplinary situation, they are used to communicate a student injury, damage, vandalism or theft on campus.

- 1. Student is informed that an incident report will be written and filled.
- 2. Incident Report is written within 24 hours of incident.
- 3. Academic related report is submitted to the appropriate Dean of Faculty.
- 4. Student Life related report is submitted to the Vice President of Student Affairs. If incident involves a residence student, then it is also referred to the Resident Life Manager.

#### B. Campus Security will, upon notification of criminal activity:

- 1. Respond to, process and document the complaint/report.
- 2. Involve (as necessary) the appropriate law enforcement support agency.
- 3. Conduct necessary follow-up activities and file required documentation to the College administration.
- C. Responsible Administrator(s) will review campus crime reports with the Security Department to ensure that:

1. The data required by the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act is compiled and disseminated to the vice president of administrative and fiscal services.

2. Campus crime prevention programs are followed with special emphasis placed on campus community involvement.

3. The information flow stresses the necessity for individual awareness and that students, faculty and staff take some responsibility for their own personal safety.

#### Accidents and Emergencies: Response/Reporting

If a student, visitor, or employee should become sick or injured, security should be contacted immediately to report the nature of the situation. If the situation warrants, security will request assistance from the local EMS.

Any cost generated in any medical situation requiring transport by EMS will be the responsibility of the person sick or injured.

### **Criminal Offense Definition**

In accordance with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program, the Department of Education, Higher Education Act, and Violence Against Women Act.

#### Aggravated assault:

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

#### Arrest:

Persons processed by arrest, citation or summons.

#### Arson:

Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

#### Burglary:

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

#### Category of Fire:

For The Higher Education Act purposes, there are three categories of fire:

- Unintentional Fire: A fire that does not involve an intentional human act to ignite or spread fire into an area where the fire should not be.
- Intentional Fire: A fire that is ignited, or that results from a deliberate action, in circumstances where the person knows there should not be a fire.
- Determined Fire: A fire in which the cause cannot be determined.

#### Cause of Fire:

The factor or factors that give rise to a fire. The causal factor may be, but is not limited to, the result of an intentional or unintentional action, mechanical failure or act of nature.

#### Dating Violence:

Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition:

- Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
- Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

#### Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property:

To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

#### Domestic Violence:

A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed—

- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

#### Drug abuse violations:

The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics - manufactured narcotics which can cause true addiction (Demerol, Methadone); and dangerous nonnarcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

#### Fire:

Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.

#### Fire-related death:

Any instance in which a person - (1) Is killed as a result of a fire, including death resulting from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of a fire; or (2) Dies within one year of injuries sustained as a result of the fire.

#### Fire-related injury:

Any instance in which a person is injured as a result of a fire, including an injury sustained from a natural or accidental cause, while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of the fire. The term "person" may include students, employees, visitors, firefighters, or any other individuals.

#### Hate crime:

A criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim. For the purposes of Clery, the categories of bias include the victim's actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.

#### Intimidation:

To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

#### Theft:

The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Constructive possession is the condition in which a person does not have physical custody or possession, but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a thing.

#### Liquor law violations:

The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving user the influence and drunkenness. Include in this classification: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing, etc., of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; underage possession; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on train or public conveyance; and attempts to commit any of the above.

#### Motor vehicle theft:

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

#### Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter:

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

#### Negligent manslaughter:

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

#### Non-campus building or property:

(1) Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or

(2) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

#### On Campus:

(1) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and
(2) Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to paragraph (1) of this definition, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

#### Property damage:

The estimated value of the loss of the structure and contents, in terms of the cost of replacement in like kind and quantity. This estimate should include contents damaged by fire, and related damages caused by smoke, water, and overhaul; however, it does not include indirect loss, such as business interruption.

#### **Public property:**

All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

#### Referred for disciplinary action:

The referral of any person to any official who initiates a disciplinary action of which a record is established and which may result in the imposition of a sanction.

#### Robbery:

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

**Sex Offense - Forcible:** Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

• **Rape:** The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

• Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

**Sex Offense - Non Forcible:** Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.

• Incest: Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

• **Statutory Rape:** Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is user the statuary age of consent.

#### Simple Assault:

An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

#### Stalking:

Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:

- Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
- Suffer substantial emotional distress.
- For the purposes of this definition:
- *Course of conduct* means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.
- *Reasonable person* means a reasonable person user similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
- Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
- Any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

#### **Unfound Crime:**

A reported crime that upon investigation by law enforcement authorities is found to be false or baseless. Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may unforce a crime. Crime reports can be properly determined to be false only if the evidence from a complete and thorough investigation establishes that the crime reported was not, in fact, completed or attempted in any manner.

#### Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.:

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons. This classification encompasses weapons offenses that are regulatory in nature. Include in this classification: manufacture, sale or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; using, manufacturing, etc., of silencers; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and attempts to commit any of the above.

### **Federal and State Laws**

**Non-Discrimination Policy**: All College staff, faculty, and students are not to discriminate against any agent or organization of Diné College for reasons of age, creed, ethnic or national origin, sex/gender, disability, veteran status, marital status, political or social affiliation, race, religion, or sexual orientation. The College complies with the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Title IX of the Education Amendment Act of 1972, Section 503 and 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 402 of Vietnam Era Veterans Readjustment Act of 1975, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended, and the Navajo Preference in Employment Act.

**Freedom of Speech & Expression Policy**: All students are welcome to express themselves freely on any subject provided that they do so in a manner that does not violate the SCC. Students in turn have the responsibility to respect the rights of all members of the College to exercise this freedom.

**Drug Free Compliance Policy**-Zero Tolerance Policy: A drug-free school policy has been adopted by the College and the Navajo Nation in compliance with the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989 (P.L.101-226). The College is committed to preventing the abuse of alcohol and the illegal use of drugs and alcohol by students and employees. All College students and their visitors are prohibited from possession, use, and/or distribution of illegal drugs and alcohol while on College property and/or while participating in a College-sponsored activity held either on or off College property. In accordance with the College's Drug-Free policy, the zero tolerance policy will be enforced.

The College will foster a safe and productive study environment and provide drug awareness, prevention, and intervention education for all students.

**Confidentiality Policy**: Students have the right to access and have control to their educational records as provided in the Federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, also known as the Buckley Amendment.

**Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)**: The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. § 1232g; 34 CFR Part 99), also known as FERPA or the Buckley Amendment, protects the privacy of student education records while allowing colleges to maintain campus safety.

- FERPA requires colleges to keep education records confidential. The education records of students and formerly enrolled students consist of those records, files, documents and other materials directly related to a student that the college maintains, including digital records.
- Colleges may disclose records with the consent of the student, if the disclosure meets one of the statutory exemptions, or if the disclosure is directory information and the student has not placed a hold on release of directory information. Directory information includes: name of student, address (both local, including e-mail address and permanent), telephone number (both local and permanent), dates of registered attendance, enrollment status (e.g. full-time or part-time), school or division of enrollment, major field of study, nature and dates of degrees and awards received, participation in officially recognized activities and unique student identifier numbers (not Social Security Number).
- In accordance with The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA), Diné College restricts the disclosure of information from student education records to third parties and provides students the right to review their education records.

**The Jeanne Clery Act**: The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) is a federal mandate requiring all Institutions of Higher Education (IHE) that participate in the federal student financial aid program to disclose information about crime on their campuses and in the surrounding communities. The Clery Act affects virtually all public and private IHEs and is enforced by the U.S. Department of Education (ED). Campuses that fail to comply with the act can be penalized with large fines (\$35,000 per violation) and may be suspended from participating in the federal financial aid program.

### **College Policies**

All Diné College students and student interns from other institutions are subject to the following rules and policies.

**Classroom Management Policy:** All students are to abide by the instructor's classroom management policies as stated in the course syllabus. This includes attendance and tardiness, electronic equipment, assignments, class disruption, safety, and other departmental policies.

**Computer Use Policy:** All user agreements, rules and regulations governing use of facilities and equipment shall be strictly adhered to.

**Office of Finance & Accounting Policy**: All students must abide by all guidelines and procedures pertaining to student travel.

**Student Identification Card Policy**: The purpose of having an identification card is to afford Diné College students equal access to all allocable Diné College services, and in addition, to validate student identity that will help ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the student. All enrolled Diné College students are required to obtain a current Diné College student identification card. Identification cards can be obtained from the Student Programs office.

Vehicle Registration Policy: The operation of a vehicle on Diné College campus is subject to all applicable rules, policies, and laws. Students who park their vehicle on campus during the semesters must register their vehicle with the Campus Security Department.

**Visitation Policy**: Guests of Diné College students are expected to abide by the Student Code of Conduct. Overnight guests must acquire prior approval from the Residence Life Office.

**Sex Offender Policy**: All registered sex offenders who become a student at the College, becomes employed (student intern), or volunteers are required to register and report to Campus Security, Office of Records and Admission, and Residence Life.

Academic Integrity Policy: Academic integrity is the fundamental value and principle that underwrites the very mission of Diné College. Therefore enrolled students are solely responsible for the integrity of their academic work and upholding professional standards of research, writing, assessment, and ethics in their areas of study. Academic dishonesty, which includes cheating, misrepresentation or plagiarism and other forms of unethical behavior, is prohibited.

#### Student Employment Program Agreement:

- a. Student employees must adhere to the Personnel Policy and Procedure Manual (3PM) governing Diné College employees.
- b. Student must maintain Satisfactory Academic Progress outlined in the current College catalog during the duration of employment.
- c. Student employees shall not disclose privileged and confidential information obtained through the Student Employment Program (work study) or use any such information for personal gain.

**Safe Environment Policy:** Diné College is committed to personal safety, loss prevention and violence free workplace. It is the intention of Diné College that all student employees work under the safest conditions possible, that we maintain a workplace free from recognized hazards, and that we provide timely information, training, and supervision to enable student employees to perform their jobs

# Sexual Misconduct Policy

It is the policy of Diné College that all employees and students have right to work and learn in an environment free from sexual harassment. Employees, students, volunteers or visitors to DC campus shall not engage in conduct that hereinafter is defined as sexual harassment.

#### Definition

**Sexual harassment** is defined as a deliberate, unsolicited and unwelcomed sexual advance, request for sexual favors, or other verbal and/or physical conduct of a sexual nature or with sexual implications; or unwelcome conduct based on sex or sexual stereotyping:

- Which has or may have direct employment consequences resulting from the acceptance or rejection of such conduct;
- Has or may have direct admissions, enrollment, grading or academic consequences resulting from the acceptance or rejection of such conduct;
- Creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or learning environment; and/or interferes with an employee's work performance or student's academic performance;
- 4. Denies or limits a student's ability to participate in and/or benefit from a school program.

Sexual violence is defined as physical sexual acts perpetrated against a person's will or where a person is incapable of giving consent due to the victim's use of drugs or alcohol. An individual also may be unable to give consent due to an intellectual or other disability, or a medically diagnosed impairment. Sexual violence is a criminal offense. A number of different defined acts are criminal offenses and fall into the category of sexual violence, including rape, sexual assault, sexual battery, and sexual coercion. All such acts of sexual violence are forms of sexual harassment covered under Title IX.

Definitions of related terms are consent, dating violence, domestic violence, rape, sexual abuse, sexual assault, sexual battery, sexual coercion, and stalking.

Sexual harassment is deemed a form of sex discrimination prohibited by Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, which prohibits sex discrimination in employment, and Title IX of the Educational Amendments of 1972, which prohibits sex discrimination against students, employees in educational institutions which receive federal funds.

#### **Reporting Sexual Misconduct**

- Students who feel that they have been harassed according to the definitions of College policies are encouraged to report the incident to the following: the Title IX Coordinator, Marci Jackson (who is DC's College Readiness Coordinator at the Shiprock Campus), a College "responsible employee," a College "counselor/advisor," their employment supervisor, a College security official, a local law enforcement officer, a local medical professional, a local mental health professional or a pastoral counselor. All complaints of harassment will be investigated promptly in an impartial and confidential manner.
- The student will be notified of the findings and conclusions by the reporting department or the Vice President of Student Affairs or the Provost. If the student is not satisfied with the handling of the report or action taken, the student may submit an appeal. Any further appeals will be handled through the formal grievance procedure as outlined in the DC Student Code of Conduct.

 Any student found guilty of sexual harassment will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. College personnel found guilty of sexual harassment will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination in accordance to the Personnel Policy and Procedure Manual (3PM).

In situations where campus security, the Vice President(s), or other campus officials believe there is potential danger/threat to the campus community or local community, appropriate law enforcement personnel will be notified immediately.

In situations where a student is accused of a sexual assault on campus, the College's grievance procedure will apply to all procedures related to 'said' incident. A student found guilty of sexually assaulting another person may face sanctions which include dismissal from College and referral for criminal prosecution. Referral options which are available to individuals who would like counseling assistance in dealing with a sexual assault include, but are not limited to:

- 1. College counselors (Student Outreach Service) (928)724-6855
- 2. Local mental health providers
- 3. Local clergy

#### **Registered Sex Offender Information**

Members of the campus community can obtain information about registered sex offenders by contacting the Navajo Nation Sex Offender Registry website: <u>http://navajo.nsopw.gov/</u>, where they can search Navajo Nation registries, obtain contact information for their local sheriff's office, and/or sign up to receive e-mail alerts when registered sex offenders report an address in the local area. For the National Sex Offender Registry, visit <u>http://www.nationalsexoffenderregistry.com/</u>.

#### **Weapons Policy**

All weapons, knives, firearms, dangerous chemicals, or instrumentalities/articles that might be harmful to persons or property are prohibited on DC's campus, except for permitted exclusions for DC's security staff, and law enforcement. This statute provides that a handgun may be brought on campus by a law enforcement individual (such as Navajo Nation Police Officer) who has a valid "concealed handgun permit" and such a handgun remains either (1) in a closed compartment or container within such permit holder's locked vehicle, or (2) within a locked container securely affixed to such permit holder's vehicle.

#### **Substance Abuse Policies**

Drug abuse and use at the workplace are subjects of immediate concern on the Navajo Nation. These problems are extremely complex and ones for which there are no easy solutions. From a legal standpoint, individuals convicted of violations of drug laws can face imprisonment and substantial fines. From a safety perspective, the users of drugs may impair the well-being of all employees or the public at large and result in damage to College property. Therefore, it is a policy of this College that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of a controlled substance in the College's workplace is prohibited. Any employees or students violating this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination or dismissal and referral for prosecution. The specifics s policy are as follows:

- Diné College does not differentiate between drug users and drug pushers or sellers. Any employee or student who gives or in any way transfers a controlled substance to another person or sells or manufacturers a controlled substance while on the job or on College premises will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination or dismissal and referral for prosecution.
- The term "controlled substance" means any drug listed in 21 U.S.C. Title 21, Chapter 12, Subsection I, Part B, §812. Generally, these are drugs which have a high potential for abuse. Such drugs include but are not limited to heroin, marijuana, cocaine, PCP and "crack." They also include "legal drugs" which are not prescribed by a licensed physician.
- For traditional Indian religious use of peyote, students and employees must abide by the U.S. Code, Title 42, Chapter 21, Subchapter I, §1996a.
- 4. Each employee and student is required to inform the College within five days after he/she is convicted for violations of any federal or state criminal drug statute where such violation occurred on the College's premises. A conviction means a finding of guilt (including a plea of nolo contendere) or the imposition of a sentence by a judge or jury in any federal or state court.
- The College Human Resources Department (employees) or Student Affairs Department (students) will notify the appropriate U.S. government agency within ten days after receiving notice from the employee or student or otherwise receiving actual notice of such a conviction.

If an employee or student is convicted of violating any criminal drug statute while on the workplace, he/she
will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination or dismissal and referral for
prosecution.

### **Timely Warnings**

Diné College will issue a timely warning when it receives a report of a crime that represents a serious or continuing threat to the safety of members of the campus community. DC may also issue a warning to the campus community when other instances pose a safety concern.

#### Initiating Timely Warnings

First responders and essential personnel in the area are responsible for initiating timely warnings. Those responsible include, but are not limited to:

- President's Office
- Vice Presidents
- Police officer on duty
- Campus/Center Directors

The College in conjunction with various campus offices will distribute timely warning announcements when there appears to be a threat to the safety and security of persons on campus for the following crimes:

- Aggravated assault
- Arson
- Burglary
- Negligent manslaughter
- Motor vehicle theft
- Murder/non-negligent manslaughter
- Robbery
- Sexual offenses
- Domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking
- Violations of liquor law, drug law, or weapons possession law
- Any other crime in which the victim was chosen on the basis of race, gender, gender identity, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, or national origin.

If the threat is sudden and serious, a warning will be issued immediately and will be continually updated until the threat is contained or neutralized. If a threat is less immediate, the warning will be fully developed and distributed after that point in time.

Crimes that could constitute a continuing threat include, but are not limited to:

- Serial crimes that target certain campus populations such as sex crimes or race-based crimes in which the perpetrator has not been apprehended, and
- Ongoing criminal activity in which there is no apparent connection between perpetrator and victim.

Crimes that would not constitute a continuing threat include, but are not limited to:

- Crimes in which the perpetrator has been apprehended, thereby eliminating the threat, and
- Crimes in which an identified perpetrator targets specific individuals to the exclusion of others, such as domestic violence.

#### Warning Content

The warning contains sufficient information about the nature of the threat to allow members of the campus to take protective action:

- A succinct statement of the incident
- Possible connection to previous incidents if applicable
- Date, time, and location of the warning
- Description and drawing of the suspect, if available
- Risk reduction and safety tips
- Other relevant and important information

In some cases, DC may need to keep some facts confidential to avoid compromising an ongoing investigation.

#### Notification Methods

The following methods may be used to notify the campus community of various emergencies that may affect the campus community:

- Phone
- Text message
- Email
- Outdoor warning singles
- Official Diné College website
- Local media
- Targeted communication posters, letters, group meetings, etc.

### Limited Voluntary Confidential Reporting

DC encourages anyone who is the victim or witness to any crime to promptly report the incident to the police. Because police reports are public records under state law, DC cannot hold reports of crime in confidence.

Anonymous reports may be filed for statistical reporting purposes. A student's privacy concerns are weighed against the needs of DC to respond to certain incidents and crimes. To the greatest extent possible, all reports will remain private.

In compelling situations, DC reserves the right to take reasonable action in response to any crime report, and information may be shared with appropriate departments and agencies under a need-to-know basis when it pertains to investigative needs and safety concerns of the campus community.

All reports submitted on a confidential or anonymous basis are evaluated for purposes of issuing a campuswide "timely warning" as well as inclusion in the annual crime statistics.

#### Alternatives to Immediately Filing a Police Report

- Report the crime at a later date.
- Submit the complaint to the Student Affairs Department or Academic Affairs. Such complaint may be used for actions which include, but are not limited to, on-campus disciplinary proceedings.
- Make an anonymous report to the Security Department by submitting a letter to the department.
- Leave a message with the security department.
- Contact a referral agency for help: Residence Life and/or the Title IX Coordinator in the Student Affairs Department. See Important Phone Numbers for contact.

### **Definitions of Geography**

As specified in the Clery Act, the following property descriptions are used to identify the location of crimes on and around DC's campus.

#### **On-Campus Buildings or Property**

- 1. Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of or in a manner related to the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and
- 2. Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in the above paragraph, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or retail vendor).

#### Non-Campus Buildings or Property

- 1. Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or
- 2. Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of or in relation to the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

#### Public Buildings or Property

- 1. All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.
- 2. The Diné College crime statistics do not include crimes that occur in privately owned homes or businesses within or adjacent to the campus boundaries.

### Access to and Security of Campus Facilities

Diné College is a public institution and is accessible to the public during normal building hours (time, place, and manner restrictions apply per location). With the exception of essential personnel and services, and others as designated, buildings are locked and access is permitted only with proper authorization and identification after normal building hours.

A building safety and security representative, building manager or an emergency contact is responsible for providing the building schedule to DC and Maintenance & Operations when changes occur.

Maintenance & Operations is the only entity that may make changes, additions, or alterations to College mechanical access points (equipment). This includes department locks and gate access.

Maintenance & Operations have access to all areas with the exception of specifically identified restricted or high security areas.

In order to protect the safety and welfare of students and employees of the College and to protect the property of the College, all persons on property under the jurisdiction of the College behaving in a suspicious or threatening manner may be asked to identify themselves by a College official. A person identifies himself/herself by giving his/her name, complete address, and stating truthfully his/her relationship to the College. A person may be asked to provide proof of identification which is subject to verification.

If any person refuses or fails upon request to present evidence of his/her identification and proof of his/her authorization to be in the building or on the campus, or if it is determined that the individual has no legitimate reason to be in the building or on campus, the person will be asked to leave and may be removed from the building or campus. DC is available to assist with this request. Persons who behave in a suspicious or threatening manner or are involved in suspicious or threatening activities should be reported to DC.

#### **Security Considerations**

Proper lighting and building security are major factors in reducing crime on campus. Maintenance & Operations maintains the College buildings and grounds with a concern for safety and security. Inspections of campus facilities are conducted regularly, and repairs are made as quickly as possible. All members of the campus community are encouraged to report safety hazards, such a broken locks and windows, to Maintenance and Operations and the Security Department.

DC completes campus lighting checks regularly. Maintenance and Operations must be notified when lights are burned out or damaged street or building lights. Continuous inspection ensures maximum lighting for the public at night in DC's jurisdiction.

### **Missing Student Notification**

Diné College will investigate any report of a missing College student residing on-campus (residence halls or apartments) and take appropriate action to ensure all notifications and actions comply with legal mandates. Investigation of such reports will be initiated immediately by the Diné College Security Department and local law enforcement. Procedures are governed by federal and state laws, local ordinance, and College policy, and are implemented by internal standard operating practices.

#### **Registering Information**

All students are encouraged to provide emergency contact information to Records and Admission and Residence Life.

In addition to providing a general emergency contact, students residing in on-campus residence halls, and family apartments have the option to identify an individual whom the College will contact in the event the student is determined to be missing for more than 24 hours.

For a person under the age of 18 (who is not emancipated), and for purposes of missing student notification, the person(s) to be contacted must be a custodial parent or guardian.

#### **Reporting a Missing Student**

Any concerned person should notify a Campus Security Authority (CSA) if it is believed that a student is missing for 24 hours. CSAs include, but are not limited to, Housing staff members such as a residence hall director, assistant residence hall director, residence life coordinator, and resident assistant or resident manager.

The phone number for housing at the Tsaile Campus is 928.724.6782/6798/6783.

Alternative CSAs include officers of Campus Security or staff members at the Provost Office, Dean of Faculty, Student Affairs, and Center Directors.

A student enrolled at the College at either a full- or parttime status, who is perceived by the reporting person to be overdue in reaching home, campus, or another specific location, and there is an identifiable concern for the well-being of the student, may be reported as a missing student.

Any College employee receiving a complaint of a missing student must notify the Police Department and provide further information related to the reported missing student.

#### Investigation

DC Campus Security Department will investigate the report of a missing student utilizing established police investigative procedures and appropriate College resources as necessary.

DC will notify the Navajo Nation Police Department or the appropriate law enforcement agency beyond 24 hours when the student is determined to be missing.

#### **Contacting Family Members**

Individuals identified by the student, and/or the parent(s) if the student is under 18 years of age, will be contacted by DC Campus Security Department, Residence Life, Student Affairs, or the Provost Office within 24 hours of the initial report to the CSA.

In situations in which the student has failed to designate a contact for missing student notification, DC will use College records and resources to continue its investigation. Family members, including those not formally identified by the student, may be contacted during the course of the investigation to resolve a report of a missing student.

#### Methods of Contacting a Reported Missing Student

CSAs may work in cooperation and share records and information as appropriate to assess the status of a student reported as missing. Methods of attempting to locate a reported missing student include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Checking phone numbers and email addresses provided as well as social networking sites;
- Surveying the student's room or apartment, including contacting those with whom the student may live;
- Contacting friends, family members, known associates, faculty and other campus community members;
- Contacting extra jurisdictional law enforcement for assistance; and
- Assessing student's use of campus resources, such as the computer network systems.

#### **Resolution of Missing Student Status**

Missing student contacts will be advised of the resolution of a student's missing status. These contacts will further be advised of law enforcement options in cases where the student is not contacted through measures in this protocol. Contact notification will be made by a CSA in Residence Life, Dean of Faculty Office, Provost Office, Student Affairs, or DC Campus Security Department.

### Emergency Response and Evacuation

Diné College Security Department and Maintenance and Operations describes the responsibilities and duties of campus personnel, departments, agencies, and nongovernmental organizations in event of an emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat. The departments are designated to assist DC employees to respond appropriately when emergency conditions exist. To ensure emergency plans are appropriate, the College will conducts emergency response exercises annually. These tests are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution.

DC allows for immediate response procedures, thereby minimizing danger to the campus and students. Moreover, DC participates in timely warnings by sending out emails or phone call announcements (intercom) to ensure the emergency notification is shared appropriately.

#### How to Report an Emergency

The campus community is encouraged to call 911 to report any situation on-campus that could constitute

a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving immediate or on-going threat to the campus. Dialing 911 is also the best way to help expedite an emergency notification to alert the rest of the campus community of the threat.

#### Response Procedures for an Emergency or Dangerous Situation

When a serious threat or disaster to the campus community occurs, the Diné College Campus Security Department will coordinate with other first responders, which may include the Navajo Nation Police Department, the Navajo Nation Fire Department, and the County Sheriff's Department. The College's incident response resources include the Administration, Residence Life, and Maintenance and Operations to help mitigate impacts to the campus. Depending on the nature and magnitude of the incident, other local, state, and federal agencies may be called upon for assistance.

#### Confirming a Significant Emergency or Dangerous Situation

First responders and essential personnel in the Campus Security Department and the Administration are responsible for initiating emergency warnings. Those responsible include, but are not limited to:

- Chief or Sergeant of Police or designee Police Officer on duty
- Diné College Executive Team Members (Provost, Vice Presidents, Deans, Executive Directors, Campus/Center Directors)
- Maintenance & Operations

Diné College works in close collaboration with agencies and departments both on and off campus to gather and assess information related to events that may pose an immediate threat or hazard to the College. The Campus Security Department, as the first responders, will investigate all reported incidents to determine if the incident poses an immediate threat to the College community. Students and Employees are asked to relay a situation to the Campus Security Department (Tsaile Campus) where the incident will be confirmed as a threat and implement procedures to minimize the impact of the incident to the campus community.

#### Authorized Officials

During or in the time leading up to an emergency that threatens life, safety, or security, it will be necessary for notification to be provided to the Campus Security Department with speed and accuracy. Conditions may not allow time for responders or other officials to seek approval to send notification messages.

For this reason, DC has designated specific campus officials to serve as authorized officials who are empowered to authorize the issuance of emergency notifications. Each authorized official is expected to act within his/her realm of responsibility as defined by department mission and authorize emergency notification when experience and prudence indicate that emergency conditions warrant such actions be taken.

It is important to draw a distinction between the authorization of an emergency notification and the issuance of a notification. Authorizing a notification involves:

- Making a determination that notification is necessary,
- Formulating message content,
- Selecting the appropriate segment of the campus to receive notification, and
- Choosing the appropriate communication tool(s).

In contrast, issuing a notification is the physical act of using a communication tool to send a notification message to the population. Upon authorization of an emergency notification, the authorized official will either issue the notification him/herself.

The following individuals are the authorized officials at Diné College (in the order listed below). Such authority is delegated to the highest ranked official on the list with whom the Campus Security Department is able to contact in a timely manner:

- 1. President or Campus Center Directors
- 2. Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost
- 3. Vice President for Finance and Operations
- 4. Vice President for Student Affairs
- 5. Executive Director of Public Relations
- 6. Chief/Sargent of Police Department
- 7. Officer in Charge

In cases of imminent threat to the College community, such as a fire warning, the DC Campus Security Department staff may send out initial emergency warning messages upon confirmation of such threat with the Navajo Nation Fire Department or County Emergency Management personnel.

### **Severe Weather Alerts**

When severe weather is a possibility, Diné College Campus Security Department monitors the forecast in order to provide warning to the campus community, ensuring that the proper precautions are implemented.

In the event of inclement weather, the decision on whether to close the College is made by the President or his/her delegated person. The decision is made as quickly as possible for the safety and convenience of students, faculty, staff, and visitors.

If the decision is made to remain open, all regularly scheduled classes are expected to meet as planned. However, if the decision is to close the campus, the College will alert area radio stations, and will announce the closing via Warrior Emails.

### **Annual Fire Safety Report**

Diné College Campus Security Department must be contacted for any fire that is reported on campus. After the initial response is made and the area is safe, Diné College Campus Security Department or Maintenance and Operations will make record of the incident. If a member of the College community finds evidence of a fire that has been extinguished and the person is not sure whether Diné College Campus Security Department has already responded, the community member should immediately notify security or Center Directors to investigate and document the incident. These reports as well as any items identified by a fire drill or visual observation will be used to improve fire safety on campus. These improvements may include additional training, equipment or construction needed to improve fire safety.

For use in this report, the definition used for fire is:

 Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.

Diné College Campus Security Department and Center Directors maintain a fire log for purposes of this report. This log is available for inspection at the Tsaile Main Campus' Campus Security Department administrative office.

Diné College campuses and centers have multiple fire safety systems in place. There are smoke detectors with battery back-up in each room, the front door of each building is fire rated, and fire extinguishers are in each of the rooms, including residence halls and family apartments. Including employee housings.

If the detection of a fire starts in the individual apartment, it will trigger a smoke alarm in the specific unit. If hallway alarms are triggered, then the alarm system will trigger for the whole property. There are fire extinguishers located in the hallways. Residents are notified of an alarm with siren noise and flashing lights in the halls. Alarm systems do have battery backup. In the event of a real fire, sprinklers are located in all rooms, common areas, and hallways.

Tampering with fire safety equipment places the lives of everyone in danger. Tampering with or misuse of the fire alarm system, fire extinguishers, or any other fire safety equipment by university students is prohibited and subject to legal action and fines.

Fire log is recorded on Page 28.

Diné College Residence Life and Family Apartments have policies on the use of electrical appliances. They allow for rice cookers, miniature fridges, electric skillets, and anything that does not produce an open flame. The resident handbook explains how to supply power to these appliances safely. Each resident is required to read this handbook. Diné College Residence Life and Family Apartments are a smoke-free facility; no smoking is allowed anywhere inside of the building. Candles, Bunsen burners, and any sort of appliance with an open flame are prohibited on property.

Residents are not required to attend any fire safety programs, however there will be an optional fire safety information event in the month of October that will include a presentation and handouts.

#### **Fire Drill Tips**

Fire and evacuation drills will be performed regularly at all Diné College Campus and Centers. In 2015, there were three fire drills held at the Main Tsaile Campus and one conducted at a center location; the dates of the drills were not made available to us. All residents are required to evacuate the building or take shelter during the drill.

All residents must immediately leave the facility when a fire alarm sounds. Treat all alarms as real emergencies. Familiarize yourself with the exits, sounds, and procedures for evacuating a building. Get to know your exit routes before there is an emergency. Below is a list of evacuation procedures that students and employees should follow in the case of a fire:

- Floorplans/Building plans in each building will show evacuation routes for the various areas of the building; follow the closest evacuation route.
- Maintenance and Operations, DC Campus Security Department, and/or Center Directors assigned to each building will be first on the scene should a fire detection takes place. Both departments will help evacuate the property in an organized fashion

If you know of a fire occurring on campus, please report it to any or all of the following:

- Diné College Security Department
- Center Directors
- Vice Presidents
- Maintenance & Operations

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	HATE CR	RIMES VA	WA OFFEN	SES ARI	RESTS	DISCIPLIN	ARY ACTIO	NS UNF	OUNDED	CRIMES	FIRE ST/	ATISTICS
ire Statistics - Summ	ary											
	2012				2013			2014				
NAME OF FACILITY	FIRES	INJURIES	DEATHS	DETAILS	FIRES	INJURIES	DEATHS	DETAILS	FIRES	INJURIES	DEATHS	DETAILS
Aspen Hall	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
Cottonwood Hall	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
Elm Hall	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
Juniper Hall	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
Maple Hall	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
Oak Hall	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
Pine Hall	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
Pinon Hall	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
Spruce Hall	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
Willow Hall	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
Total	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	

The crime data reported by the institutions have not been subjected to independent verification by the U.S. Department of Education. Therefore, the Department cannot vouch for the accuracy of the data reported here.

• Fires in On-campus Student Housing Facilities statistics were not collected prior to the 2010 data collection.

### Procedures for Evacuation in Emergency or Dangerous Situations

In the event of an emergency or dangerous situation, Diné College Campus Security Department or Center Directors will direct students, faculty, staff, and guests to evacuate a building, several buildings, a portion of the campus, or the entire campus. The campus community will be asked to follow building and campus evacuation protocols and to obey directions from DC and on-scene emergency responders.

Certain events, like a hazardous materials release, may require the DC community and the general public to shelter-in-place to prevent exposure to harmful elements.

#### **Drills and Exercises**

The College will test emergency response and evacuation procedures at least annually.

Additional building evacuation and sheltering drills are encouraged for DC campus buildings and external campus locations. If building occupants wish to have a drill, the Maintenance and Operations, Center Directors, and a security representative team will coordinate the drill and document it.

The Clery Act Committee may assist in departmental planning, implementation and evaluation of any drills that personnel wish to undertake in their building. Certain types of drills (e.g., lockdown, shelter-in-place, unannounced drills other than fire drills, etc.) require advanced planning and technical assistance, and should only be developed with assistance from, and consultation with local Emergency Management personnel at local community locations.

#### **Promoting Emergency Procedures**

Diné College promotes its emergency procedures through training sessions, and drills.

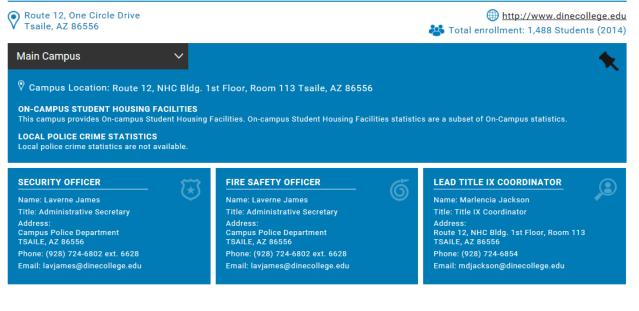
Students living on-campus receive training upon move-in and participate in drills held throughout the academic year.

First Responders are selected for every building on campus and trained to follow the building and emergency action plan for their designated area. This includes Center Directors to promote proper emergency procedures to faculty and staff housed in each building.

### 2014-2015 Campus Crime Statistics

Dine College
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#### OPE ID: 00824600



CRIMINAL OFFENSES HATE CRIMES VAWA OFFENSES ARRESTS DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS UNFOUNDED CRIMES
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#### - Criminal Offenses - On campus

Criminal Offense	2012	2013	2014
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Sex offenses - Forcible	0	0	
d. Rape			0
e. Fondling			0
f. Sex offenses - Non-forcible	0	0	
g. Incest			0
h. Statutory rape			0
i. Robbery	0	0	0
j. Aggravated assault	7	0	3
k. Burglary	0	0	1
I. Motor vehicle theft	0	0	1
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0

The crime data reported by the institutions have not been subjected to independent verification by the U.S. Department of Education. Therefore, the Department cannot vouch for the accuracy of the data reported here.

 Individual statistics for Rape, Fondling, Incest and Statutory Rape were not collected prior to the 2015 data collection. Prior to the 2015 collection, Rape and Fondling statistics were combined under Sex offenses - Forcible, and Incest and Statutory Rape statistics were combined under Sex Offenses - Nonforcible.

• As of the 2015 data collection, statistics for Sex offenses - Forcible and Sex offenses - Nonforcible were no longer collected.

- Criminal Offenses - On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Criminal Offense	2012	2013	2014
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Sex offenses - Forcible	0	0	
d. Rape			0
e. Fondling			0
f. Sex offenses - Non-forcible	0	0	
g. Incest			0
h. Statutory rape			0
i. Robbery	0	0	0
j. Aggravated assault	2	0	1
k. Burglary	0	0	0
I. Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0

#### - Criminal Offenses - Public Property

Criminal Offense	2012	2013	2014
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Sex offenses - Forcible	1	0	
d. Rape			0
e. Fondling			0
f. Sex offenses - Non-forcible	0	0	
g. Incest			0
h. Statutory rape			0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0
j. Aggravated assault	0	0	1
k. Burglary	0	0	0
I. Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0

The crime data reported by the institutions have not been subjected to independent verification by the U.S. Department of Education. Therefore, the Department cannot vouch for the accuracy of the data reported here.

 Individual statistics for Rape, Fondling, Incest and Statutory Rape were not collected prior to the 2015 data collection. Prior to the 2015 collection, Rape and Fondling statistics were combined under Sex offenses - Forcible, and Incest and Statutory Rape statistics were combined under Sex Offenses - Nonforcible.

• As of the 2015 data collection, statistics for Sex offenses - Forcible and Sex offenses - Nonforcible were no longer collected.

The crime data reported by the institutions have not been subjected to independent verification by the U.S. Department of Education. Therefore, the Department cannot vouch for the accuracy of the data reported here.

- Prior to the 2010 data collection, Simple assault statistics were reported as Any other crime involving bodily injury.
- + Larceny-theft, Intimidation, and Destruction/damage/vandalism of property statistics were not collected prior to the 2010 data collection.
- As of the 2010 data collection, negligent manslaughter is no longer a category because it cannot be a hate crime.
- Individual statistics for Rape, Fondling, Incest and Statutory Rape were not collected prior to the 2015 data collection. Prior to the 2015 collection, Rape and Fondling
- statistics were combined under Sex offenses Forcible, and Incest and Statutory Rape statistics were combined under Sex Offenses Nonforcible.
- As of the 2015 data collection, statistics for Sex offenses Forcible and Sex offenses Non-forcible are no longer collected.

The Gender Identity category of bias was added in the 2015 data collection.

#### — Hate Crimes - On campus

				Category o	f Bias for c	rimes reported in 20	)14		
Criminal Offense	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
a. Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Statutory rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
I. Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. Destruction/damage/ vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense							
	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/National origin
a. Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Sex offenses - Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Sex offenses - Non-forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
I. Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. Destruction/damage/ vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2013

a				Category of Bias for c	rimes report	ted in 2012	
Criminal Offense	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/National origin
a. Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Sex offenses - Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Sex offenses - Non-forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
I. Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. Destruction/damage/ vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### — Hate Crimes - Public Property

0				Category o	f Bias for c	rimes reported in 20	14		
Criminal Offense	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National origin
a. Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Statutory rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
I. Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. Destruction/damage/ vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2013							
Criminal Offense	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/National origin	
a. Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
c. Sex offenses - Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
f. Sex offenses - Non-forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
i. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
j. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
k. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
I. Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
m. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
n. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
o. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
p. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
q. Destruction/damage/ vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

a				Category of Bias for c	rimes report	ed in 2012	
Criminal Offense	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/National origin
a. Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Sex offenses - Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Sex offenses - Non-forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
I. Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. Destruction/damage/ vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

VAWA OFFENSES AF

#### - VAWA Offenses - On Campus

Crime	2012	2013	2014
a. Domestic violence			6
b. Dating violence			1
c. Stalking			1

#### - VAWA Offenses - On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Crime	2012	2013	2014
a. Domestic violence			1
b. Dating violence			0
c. Stalking			1

#### - VAWA Offenses - Public Property

Crime	2012	2013	2014
a. Domestic violence			0
b. Dating violence			0
c. <u>Stalking</u>			0

The crime data reported by the institutions have not been subjected to independent verification by the U.S. Department of Education. Therefore, the Department cannot vouch for the accuracy of the data reported here.

• Statistics for VAWA Offenses were not collected prior to the 2015 data collection.

HATE CRIMES	VAWA OFFENSES	ARRESTS	DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS	UNFOUNDED CRII	VIES FIRE S	TATISTICS
				2012	2013	2014
ssessing, etc.				1	0	0
				2	0	1
				12	0	0
					2012 ssessing, etc. 1 2	2012         2013           ssessing, etc.         1         0           2         0

#### — Arrests - On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Law Violation	2012	2013	2014
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	2	0	1
c. Liquor law violations	10	0	0

#### Arrests - Public Property

Law Violation	2012	2013	2014
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	1	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	1	0	0

# **3** 0

2013

0

0

0

- Disciplinary Actions - On-Campus Student Housing Facilities		
Law Violation	2012	2013
a. Weapons: carrving, possessing, etc.	0	0

a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	9	0	0

#### - Disciplinary Actions - Public Property

Law Violation	2012	2013	2014
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	1	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	8	0	0

The crime data reported by the institutions have not been subjected to independent verification by the U.S. Department of Education. Therefore, the Department cannot vouch for the accuracy of the data reported here.

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	HATE CRIMES	VAWA OFFENSES	ARRESTS	DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS	UNFOUNDED CRIMES	FIRE STATISTICS
Unfounded Crimes - U	nfounded Crime	S				
					2012 201	3 2014
a. Total unfounded crim	ies					0

#### - Disciplinary Actions - On Campus

a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.

Law Violation

b. Drug abuse violations

c. Liquor law violations

2012

1

1

17

**2014** 0

0

0

2014-2015 Diné College Annual Security & Fire Report

### **Comparison Data for Year 2014-2015 Tribal Colleges**

Comparison data is aggregated at the institutional level across all Clery Act geographical areas for all tribal campuses in the United States and its outlying areas.

Data comparison collected from the U.S. Department of Education's Campus Safety and Security website: <u>http://ope.ed.gov/campussafety/#/</u>.

🗚 Dine College (00824600) | 🐸 Total Enrollment: 1,488

- B Navajo Technical University (02357600) | 🍪 Total Enrollment: 2,075
- C Southwestern Indian Polytechnic Institute (02511000) | 🐸 Total Enrollment: 481

D Tohono O'Odham Community College (03784400) | 🐸 Total Enrollment: 225

CRIMINAL OFFENSES VAWA OFFENSES ARRESTS DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS UNFOUNDED CRIMES

Criminal Offense	Α	В	C	D
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0
c. Sex offenses - Forcible	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Rape	0	0	0	0
e. Fondling	0	0	0	0
f. Sex offenses - Non-forcible	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
g. Incest	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0
i. Robbery	0	0	0	0
j. Aggravated assault	4	12	0	0
k. Burglary	1	4	0	0
I. Motor vehicle theft	1	3	0	0
m. Arson	0	0	0	0

CRIMINAL OFFENSES

VAWA OFFENSES

ARRESTS

ARRESTS DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS UNFOUNDED CRIMES

Crime	A	B	С	D
a. Domestic violence	6	0	0	0
b. Dating violence	1	0	0	0
c. <u>Stalking</u>	1	0	0	1

CRIMINAL OFFENSES VAWA OFFENSES

DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS UNFOUNDED CRIMES

Law Violation	A	B	С	D
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	1	1	0
b. Drug abuse violations	1	11	1	1
c. Liquor law violations	0	198	1	0

	CRIMINAL	OFFENSES	VAWA	OFFENSES
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Law Violation	A	B	С	D
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	17	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	48	0

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	VAWA OFFENSES	ARRESTS	DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS	UNFOUNDED CRIMES				
					A	B	С	D
a. Total unfounded cr	imes				0	0	0	3

The crime data reported by the institutions have not been subjected to independent verification by the U.S. Department of Education. Therefore, the Department cannot vouch for the accuracy of the data reported here.

• Statistics for Unfounded Crimes were not collected prior to the 2015 data collection.

Citation: Information on this Annual Security & Fire Safety Report was extracted from the Clery Act, Higher Education Act, and several Higher Educational Institutions in relation to common practice and procedural processes as pertaining to Campus Safety Compliance.